

Department of Energy

§ 431.17

411-33-07 and 411-37-26, IBR approved for § 431.12.

(6) International Electrotechnical Commission Standard 60072-1 (1991), *Dimensions and Output Series for Rotating Electrical Machines—Part 1: Frame numbers 56 to 400 and flange numbers 55 to 1080*, clauses 2, 3, 4.1, 6.1, 7, and 10, and Tables 1, 2 and 4, IBR approved for § 431.12.

(7) International Electrotechnical Commission Standard 60034-12 (1980), *Rotating Electrical Machines, Part 12: Starting performance of single-speed three-phase cage induction motors for voltages up to and including 660 V*, with Amendment 1 (1992) and Amendment 2 (1995), clauses 1, 2, 3.1, 4, 5, and 6, and Tables I, II, and III, IBR approved for § 431.12.

(c) *Inspection of standards.* The standards incorporated by reference are available for inspection at:

(1) National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/code_of_federal_regulations/ibr_locations.html;

(2) U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, Hearings and Dockets, “Test Procedures, Labeling, and Certification Requirements for Electric Motors,” Docket No. EE-RM-96-400, Forrestal Building, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC.

(d) *Availability of standards.* Standards incorporated by reference may be obtained from the following sources:

(1) Copies of IEEE Standard 112-1996 can be obtained from the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., 445 Hoes Lane, P.O. Box 1331, Piscataway, NJ 08855-1331, 1-800-678-IEEE (4333);

(2) Copies of NEMA Standards Publication MG1-1993 with Revisions 1, 2, 3, and 4, and copies of International Electrotechnical Commission standards can be obtained from Global Engineering Documents, 15 Inverness Way East, Englewood, Colorado 80112-5776, 1-800-854-7179 (within the U.S.) or (303) 397-7956 (international).

(3) Copies of CSA International Standard C390-93 can be obtained from

CSA International, 5060 Spectrum Way, Mississauga, Ontario, Canada L4W5N6, (416) 747-4044;

(e) *Reference standards*—(1) *General.* The standards listed in this paragraph are referred to in the DOE procedures for testing laboratories, and recognition of accreditation bodies and certification programs but are not incorporated by reference. These sources are given here for information and guidance.

(2) *List of references.* (i) National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program Handbooks 150, “Procedures and General Requirements,” March 1994, and 150-10, “Efficiency of Electric Motors,” August 1995. National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program, National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD 20899.

(ii) ISO/IEC Guide 25, “General requirements for the competence of calibration and testing laboratories.”

(iii) ISO Guide 27, “Guidelines for corrective action to be taken by a certification body in the event of either misapplication of its mark of conformity to a product, or products which bear the mark of the certification body being found to subject persons or property to risk.”

(iv) ISO/IEC Guide 28, “General rules for a model third-party certification system for products.”

(v) ISO/IEC Guide 58, “Calibration and testing laboratory accreditation systems—General requirements for operation and recognition.”

(vi) ISO/IEC Guide 65, “General requirements for bodies operating product certification systems.”

§ 431.16 Test procedures for the measurement of energy efficiency.

For purposes of 10 CFR part 431 and EPCA, the test procedures for measuring the energy efficiency of an electric motor shall be the test procedures specified in appendix B to this subpart B.

§ 431.17 Determination of efficiency.

When a party determines the energy efficiency of an electric motor in order to comply with an obligation imposed on it by or pursuant to Part C of Title III of EPCA, 42 U.S.C. 6311-6316, this Section applies. This section does not